

**In the Claims**

A complete set of the currently pending claims follows.

2. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said second solvent is dissolved in said first solvent in such quantity as to form an azeotropic mixture.
4. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said medical device is a stent.
5. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said porous hydrophobic polymer includes at least one polymer selected from the group consisting of porous polyethylene, porous polypropylene, porous polyurethanes, porous polyacrylates, porous polymethacrylates and porous fluoropolymers.
6. A method as in claim 5 wherein said porous fluoropolymer is expanded poly(tetrafluoroethylene).
7. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said first solvent is selected from the group consisting of tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, fluoropolymer-wetting alkanes, fluoropolymer-wetting cycloalkanes, fluoropolymer-wetting ethers, fluoropolymer-wetting chlorofluorocarbons, fluoropolymer-wetting hydrofluorocarbons and mixtures thereof.
8. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said hemocompatible coating substance comprises a complex of heparin with a hydrophobic counter ion.
9. A method as in claim 8 wherein said hydrophobic counter ion is a hydrophobic quaternary ammonium ion.
10. A method as in claim 8 wherein said hydrophobic counter ion is selected from the group consisting of benzylalkonium ion and tridodecylmethylammonium ion.

11. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said second solvent is selected from the group consisting of organic alcohols, ketones, and mixtures thereof.
12. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said second solvent is dissolved in said first solvent in an amount from about 0.00001 volume percent to saturation.
13. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said second solvent is dissolved in said first solvent in amount from about 0.1 volume percent to about 10 volume percent.
14. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said second solvent is dissolved in said first solvent in amount from about 0.1 volume percent to about 2 volume percent.
15. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said second solvent is dissolved in said first solvent in amount from about 0.5 volume percent to about 1 volume percent.
16. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said first solvent is a mixture of isomers of dichloropentafluoropropane and said second solvent is methanol dissolved in said first solvent so as to form a volume percent solution.
17. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said first solvent is cyclohexane and said second solvent is n-propanol dissolved in said first solvent to form a 5 volume percent solution.
18. (Amended Once) A method as in claim 29 wherein said hydrophobic polymer is coated with said hemocompatible coating substance by dip coating or spray coating.

20. ~~A method as in claim 30 wherein said medical device is a stent.~~
21. A method as in claim 30 wherein said porous hydrophobic polymer comprises expanded poly(tetrafluoroethylene).
22. A method as in claim 30 wherein said hemocompatible coating substance is a complex of heparin with a hydrophobic counter ion.

Please add the following new claims:

29. (New) A method of coating a blood-contacting porous hydrophobic polymer component of a medical device with a hemocompatible substance, the method comprising:
- a) preparing a coating solution comprising a mixture of:
    - i) a first solvent that wets the porous hydrophobic polymer;
    - ii) a second solvent that enhances the solubility of the hemocompatible coating substance in the coating solution; and
    - iii) the hemocompatible coating substance; and
  - b) depositing the hemocompatible coating substance onto the porous hydrophobic polymer by contacting the polymer with the coating solution,
- provided that the hemocompatible coating is not subjected to a dialdehyde cross-linking or stabilization step before in vivo use.
30. (New) A method of coating a blood-contacting porous hydrophobic polymer component of a medical device, the method comprising:
- a) preparing a coating solution comprising a mixture of:

- 11/2  
11/2  
Suppl
- i) a first solvent that wets the porous hydrophobic polymer, wherein the first solvent comprises one of tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, fluoropolymer-wetting alkanes, fluoropolymer-wetting ethers, fluoropolymer-wetting chlorofluorocarbons, fluoropolymer-wetting hydrofluorocarbons or their mixtures;
  - ii) a second solvent that enhances the solubility of the hemocompatible coating substance in the coating solution; and
  - iii) the hemocompatible coating substance; and
- b) depositing the hemocompatible coating substance the porous hydrophobic polymer by contacting the polymer with the coating solution.

Please cancel claims 1, 3, 19, and 23-28 without prejudice.

### REMARKS

Please reconsider the application in view of the amendments made above and the remarks set out below.

- Claims 2, 4-18, 20-22, 29, and 30 are pending.
- Claims 29 and 30 are newly added
- Claims 1-22 are rejected.
- Claims 1-28 are subject to a restriction requirement.
- Claims 23-28 are withdrawn from consideration as non-elected.